

Math Analysis Ch 9 Review

Directions:

- Use lined paper to work problems.
- Staple this ditto on the front ...

Row# _____

Name _____

Period _____

- Graph $(-3, -\frac{3\pi}{2})$
- Graph $(-2, \frac{7\pi}{6})$
- Name two more points to name #1
- Name two more points to name #2
- Graph $r = -1.8$
- Graph $r = 2 - \sin \theta$
- In rectangular form, point A is $(-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$. Name this point in polar form.
- In polar form, point B is $(4, -95^\circ)$. Name this point in rectangular form.
- Write the equation, $x = 3$, in polar form.
- Write the equation, $r = \sqrt{5}$, in rectangular form.
- A) $2i^{19}$ B) $-3i^{42}$
- $(\sqrt{6} + 3i) + (\sqrt{3} - 5i)$
- $(3 - 7i)(2 + i)$
- $\frac{4 - i}{5 + 2i}$
- $(1 + i)$ is a complex number in rectangular form. Express it in polar form.
- $2(\cos \frac{7\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{4})$ is a complex number in polar form. Express it in rectangular form.
- $a = \frac{4}{3}(\cos \frac{5\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{4})$
 $b = 3(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4})$
 - Find $\frac{b}{a}$
 - Find $a \cdot b$
 - Find $\sqrt[3]{-8i}$